

## Securing Business Records

Risk Management & Disaster Recovery

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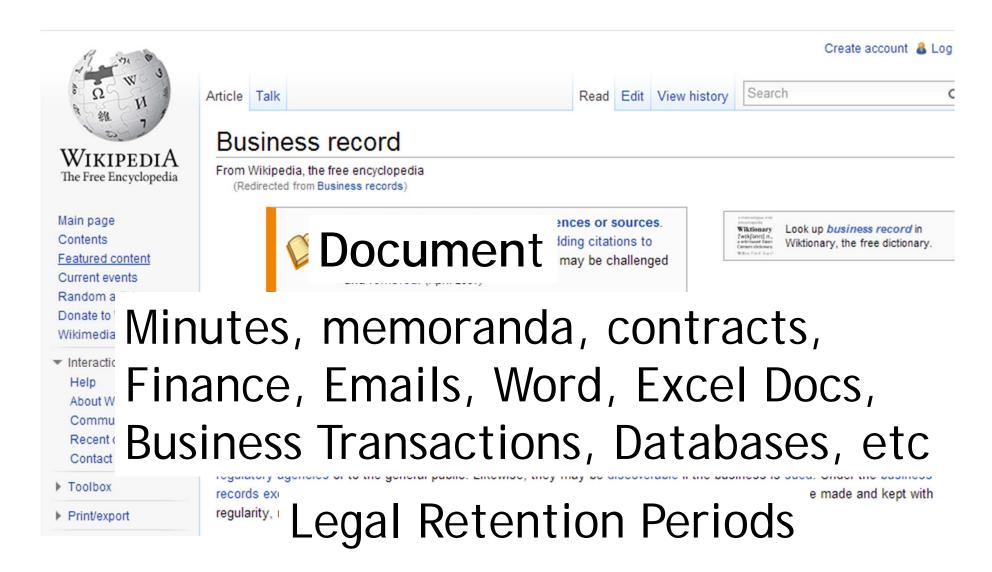




## Definition







### Legal Retention Periods



- Legal: New Jersey 7 Years after event recorded. Some states use date of conclusion of representation.
- COP require hospitals to retain records for 5 years (six years for critical access hospitals).
- OSHA requires an employer to retain medical records for 30 years for employees who have been exposed to toxic substances and harmful agents.
- Medical: HIPAA privacy regulations have a six-year retention requirement, which follows the federal statute for limitations for civil penalties.



- Up to 40% of businesses affected by a natural or human-caused disaster never reopen. (Source: Insurance Information Institute)
- Customers expect delivery of products or services on time. If there is a significant delay, customers may go to a competitor.

## Cutting to the chase



### Business Records Must Be Protected



### Types of Records







Physical Records

**Electronic Records** 



## Securing Physical Records











## Securing Electronic Records



- Onsite
- Offsite Backups

- Data Backups
- Image Based





# Securing Physical and Electronic Data Alone Does Not Ensure...



### How Long To Be Back Up?





# All Data/Systems Realtime



Can All Businesses Afford a Real-time All Systems Recovery Plan?

NO







### **Business Continuity Planning**

## Program Management





### Project Coordinator/Lead



- Should be assigned to coordinate all of the different aspects of the plan.
- The role of the Program
  Coordinator should be to
  communicated throughout the
  business.
- In charge of executing the Business Continuity / Disaster Recovery mode and communicating status to the rest of the organization

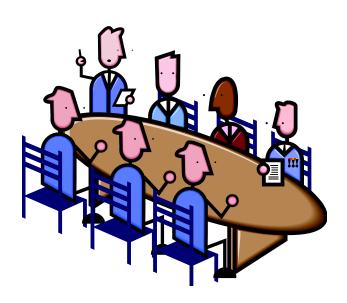


### Program Committee



• The committee should include employees and vendors from all aspects of the business.

Committee Worksheet



### Internal Program Participation



- Management
- Legal
- Human Resources
- Public Relations
- Insurance and Risk Management
- Environmental Health and Safety

### (EHS)

- Finance
- Labor Relations
- Operations
- Facilities or Property Management
- Engineering
- Security
- Medical

- Information Technology
- Purchasing, Supply Chain and Distribution
- Quality Control
- Employees

### External Program Participation



- Law Enforcement
- Fire
   Department
   (including
   rescue service)
- Emergency Medical Services

- Hazardous Materials Contractor
- Local
   Emergency
   Planning
   Committee
   (LEPC)
- Emergency

- Management Agency
- Public Health
- Public Works
- Contractors
- Vendors
- Customers

### **Define Objectives**



## **Short Term Examples**

- Establish a program committee that includes wide participation from your company.
- Assess your current preparedness program.
- Reach out to public emergency services and regulators. Ask for input.
- Conduct a risk assessment to identify threat and hazard scenarios and significant loss potential.
- Conduct a business impact analysis to identify the operational and financial impacts from an interruption or disruption of your business.
- Identify opportunities for hazard prevention and risk mitigation.
- Protect the safety of your employees by developing evacuation, sheltering and lockdown plans. Conduct employee training and drills.
- Install an emergency generator to power the data center during a power outage.
- Develop plans to equip and configure Plant B as a backup for Plant A.

### Define Objectives



## Long Term Examples

- Upgrading the protection of the facility by installing a fire sprinkler system.
- Phasing out the use of highly toxic or flammable chemicals.
- Conducting a full-scale exercise of our emergency management program involving public emergency services.
- Shifting some or all operations to a location that is less susceptible to natural hazards such as earthquakes, hurricanes or flooding.
- Building a culture of preparedness in the workplace and encourage employees to have a plan at home.



### Risk Analysis



### Hazards

- Fire
- Explosion
- · Natural hazards
- Hazardous materials spill or release
- Terrorism
- · Workplace violence
- · Pandemic disease
- Utility outage
- Mechanical breakdown
- · Supplier failure
- Cyber attack

Probability & Magnitude

### Assets at Risk

- People
- Property including buildings, critical infrastructure
- Supply chain
- Systems/equipment
- Information Technology

Vulnerability

- Business operations
- Reputation of or confidence in entity
- Regulatory and contractual obligations
- Environment

**Impacts** 

- Casualties
- Property damage
- Business interruption
- Loss of customers
- Financial loss
- Environmental contamination
- Loss of confidence in the organization
- Fines and penalties
- Lawsuits

Hazard Identification Vulnerability Assessment

**Impact Analysis** 



### **Business Impact Analysis**



- Lost sales and income
- Delayed sales or income
- Increased expenses (e.g., overtime labor, outsourcing, expediting costs, etc.)
- Regulatory fines
- Contractual penalties or loss of contractual bonuses
- Customer dissatisfaction or defection
- Delay of new business plans



Business Impact Worksheet



### **Business Continuity Plan**



### **Business Impact Analysis**

- Develop questionnaire
- Conduct workshop to instruct business function and process managers how to complete the BIA
- Receive completed BIA questionnaire forms
- Review BIA questionnaires
- Conduct follow-up interviews to validate information and fill any information gaps

### **Recovery Strategies**

- Identify and document resource requirements based on BIAs
- Conduct gap analysis to determine gaps between recovery requirements and current capabilities
- Explore recovery strategy options
- Select recovery strategies with management approval
- · Implement strategies

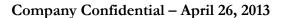
### Plan Development

- Develop plan framework
- Organize recovery teams
- Develop Relocation Plans
- Write business continuity and IT disaster recovery procedures
- Document manual workarounds
- Assemble plan; validate; gain management approval

### **Testing & Exercises**

- Develop testing, exercise and maintenance requirements
- Conduct training for business continuity team
- Conduct orientation exercises
- Conduct testing and document test results
- Update BCP to incorporate lessons learned from testing and exercises





### IT Disaster Recovery Plan



- Focus on Recovery Time Objective Defined on Business Impact Analysis.
- How long can I afford to be down.
- What critical systems must be available in a situation where employees can not access the office.





## 6 Critical Things To Look At

## 1. Email Continuity







# 2. Critical Systems Availability Synetek





# 3. Onsite & Offsite Imaged Based Backups







### 4. Mobile Workforce

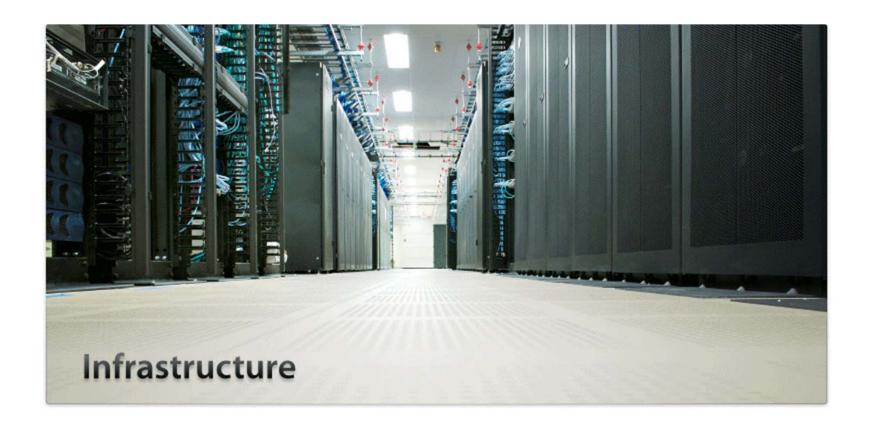






## 5. Datacenter Hosting







### 6. Private Cloud









### Thank You